

## Mediblock

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### Abstract:

Healthcare information systems often rely on centralized storage models that expose sensitive patient data to security risks and limited interoperability. This paper presents MediBlock, a decentralized framework designed to enhance healthcare data management through the integration of blockchain and cloud technologies. The system ensures secure storage, traceable insurers. Smart contracts regulate permissions and maintain transparency through immutable audit trails. The proposed architecture improves trust, privacy, and efficiency in handling medical records. By enabling distributed access and encryption-based protection, MediBlock contributes toward reliable healthcare information exchange while supporting scalability and integration with existing infrastructures.

**Keywords:** Blockchain, healthcare data security, cloud computing, decentralized storage, smart contracts.

### Introduction

The rapid digitization of healthcare services has significantly increased dependence on electronic data storage and sharing systems. Medical records, diagnostic reports, and treatment histories are frequently maintained in centralized databases, which raises concerns regarding data breaches, unauthorized access, and limited interoperability among institutions. These limitations affect the reliability, transparency, and efficiency of healthcare information management and reduce patient trust in digital infrastructures.

In addition, the expansion of telemedicine and remote monitoring platforms has increased the volume and frequency of healthcare data exchange. This trend requires dependable infrastructures capable of supporting timely access to medical information while preserving regulatory compliance, data consistency, and operational reliability across distributed environments. Recent advancements in distributed technologies offer promising solutions to these challenges. Blockchain technology provides decentralized and tamper-resistant data management, ensuring integrity and traceability of records, while

cloud computing delivers scalable storage and accessible services. The integration of these technologies creates opportunities to enhance security, accessibility, and accountability in healthcare systems. This paper presents MediBlock, a framework designed to enable secure healthcare data management by combining blockchain and cloud-based infrastructure. The proposed system allows controlled data sharing among patients, medical professionals, and insurance entities while maintaining transparency through permission tracking and encrypted storage. By addressing existing system limitations, MediBlock aims to improve operational efficiency and support trustworthy healthcare data exchange.

### Literature Survey

Recent research has explored the use of blockchain technology to address security and privacy challenges in healthcare data management. Hölbl et al. examined multiple blockchain-based healthcare solutions and highlighted their ability to provide data integrity, decentralization, and improved access control compared to traditional centralized storage systems. Their review emphasized the role of distributed ledgers in ensuring transparency and trust among healthcare stakeholders.

Saha et al. discussed privacy concerns associated with medical data sharing and proposed blockchain-driven healthcare frameworks that incorporate cryptographic mechanisms to protect patient confidentiality. Their study indicated that decentralized verification and smart contract automation can strengthen authentication and reduce the risks of unauthorized access. However, scalability and integration challenges remain key limitations in practical deployment. In addition, Bamiah et al. analyzed the adoption of cloud computing within healthcare infrastructures and demonstrated its effectiveness in handling large-scale medical data storage and processing requirements. Their findings showed that cloud platforms enable flexible resource allocation and cost-efficient system maintenance but may introduce security concerns if used independently without additional protection mechanisms.

These studies collectively suggest that combining blockchain with cloud computing can address the weakness of standalone approaches. While blockchain ensures integrity and traceability, cloud platforms provide scalability and accessibility. Motivated by these observations, the proposed MediBlock framework integrates both technologies to create a secure and efficient healthcare data management environment.

Further investigations in the domain of healthcare information systems have emphasized the importance of interoperability and patient-centric control over medical data. Several researchers have explored permission-based data sharing models where patients maintain authority over access to their records. These approaches promote transparency and accountability but often rely on centralized identity management, which introduces potential vulnerabilities. Integrating decentralized authentication mechanisms has therefore become an active area of exploration to strengthen system resilience.

Another stream of research focuses on the use of smart contracts to automate administrative processes such as consent management, insurance verification, and clinical data exchange. Automation through programmable contracts reduces manual intervention and minimizes processing delays. However, existing implementations frequently encounter limitations related to healthcare environments. These factors highlight the need for hybrid solutions capable of balancing automation with operational efficiency.

In response to these observations, the MediBlock framework extends research by introducing a unified architecture that combines blockchain-based auditing with cloud-enabled data management. By incorporating role-based modules for administrators, healthcare personnel, patients, and insurers, the system aims to enhance collaboration, ensure data protection, and provide efficient healthcare information exchange within a scalable digital environment.

### Methodology

The MediBlock framework adopts a hybrid architectural approach that combines blockchain-based verification with cloud-enabled storage to address security and scalability challenges in healthcare data management. The system architecture is designed to decentralize record validation while maintaining efficient access to large medical datasets. Patient records are encrypted and stored within cloud repositories, while blockchain ledgers maintain immutable references and access logs. This separation ensures that sensitive data remain scalable and accessible while preserving integrity through distributed verification. Access permissions are

regulated through programmable mechanisms that allow authorized stakeholders to retrieve or update information under predefined conditions.

The framework incorporates role-oriented interaction layers representing administrative authorities, healthcare professionals, patients, researchers, and insurance entities. Each layer communicates through secured interfaces that enforce authentication and authorization protocols. This modular design supports collaborative data exchange while minimizing exposure to unauthorized manipulation. The methodological integration of distributed trust mechanisms with centralized processing resources establishes a balanced infrastructure for reliable healthcare information management.

### Implementation and Experimental Setup

The implementation of the MediBlock framework utilizes a web-oriented environment supported by standard computing resources. Frontend interaction is facilitated through browser-based interfaces, while backend processing components manage record validation, encryption, and communication between system modules.

The development environment incorporates commonly adopted programming and database technologies to simulate practical deployment conditions. A cloud service platform provides scalable storage support, and system execution is conducted on a general-purpose operating environment to ensure accessibility and reproducibility.

User interaction scenarios include medical record updates, access authorization, and insurance verification workflows. Interface prototypes illustrated in the project documentation demonstrate navigation structures for medical staff dashboards and patient record monitoring panels. These experimental configurations allow observation of system responsiveness, usability, and operational consistency under representative usage conditions.

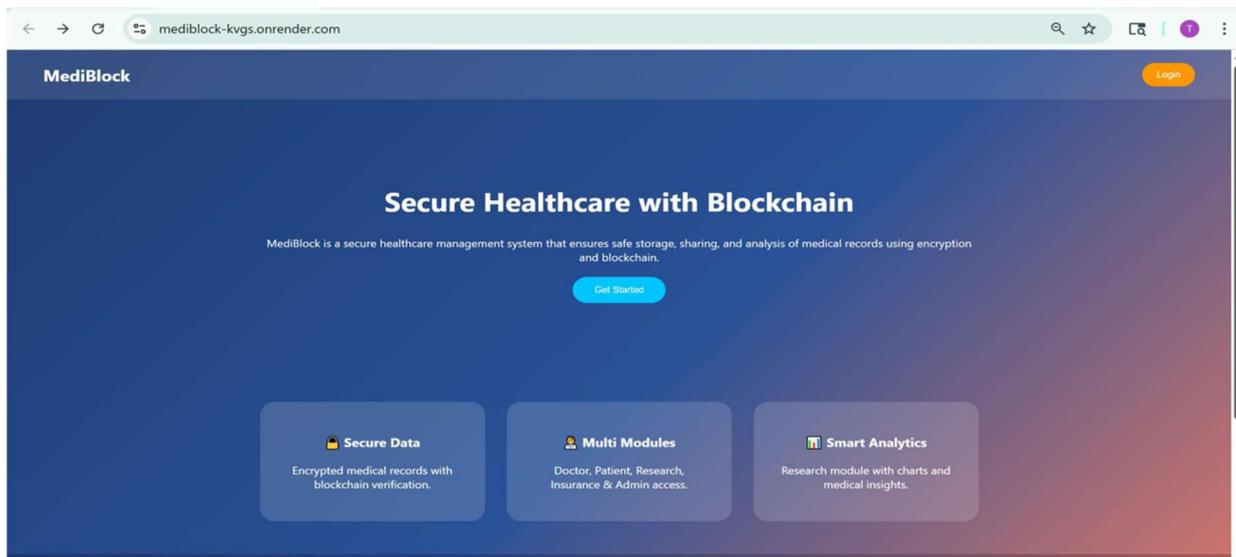
To ensure secure system operation, authentication and role-based authorization mechanisms are incorporated during implementation. Each stakeholder category interacts with the platform through validated access channels that enforce identity verification before permitting record viewing or modification.

The experimental setup also considers data consistency and transaction traceability. Blockchain entries generated during record updates are monitored to verify immutability and chronological ordering, ensuring that modifications remain auditable throughout system execution. Concurrent access scenarios were simulated to observe system stability under multi-user interaction, allowing assessment of

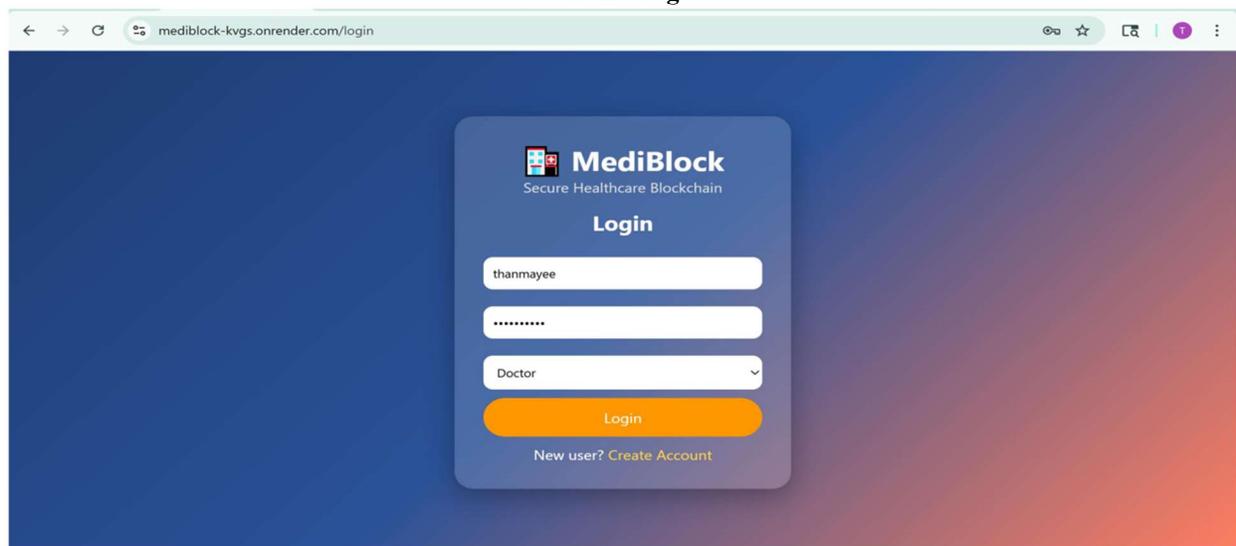
synchronization efficiency and response behavior during routine healthcare workflows. Furthermore, usability aspects were examined through interface interaction observations involving navigation between record modules, appointment views, and claim verification screens illustrated in the

project material. The results indicate that the structural layout supports intuitive user engagement while maintaining system functionality, highlighting the practicality of deploying the framework within institutional healthcare settings.

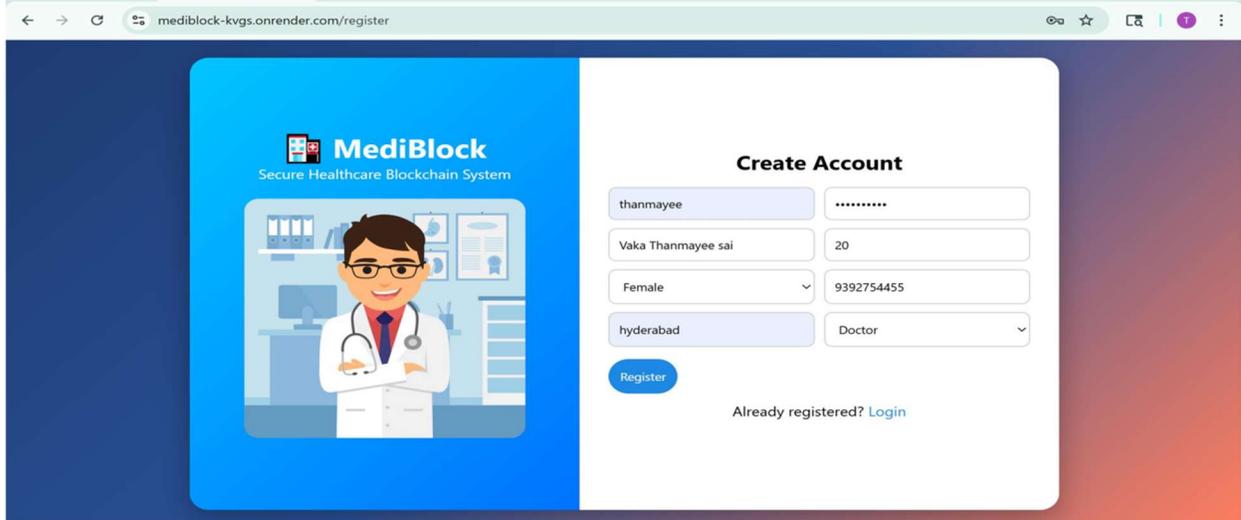
## Output



## Home Page



## Login Page



mediblock-kvgs.onrender.com/register

**MediBlock**  
Secure Healthcare Blockchain System

**Create Account**

thanmayee Password: .....

Vaka Thanmayee sai Age: 20

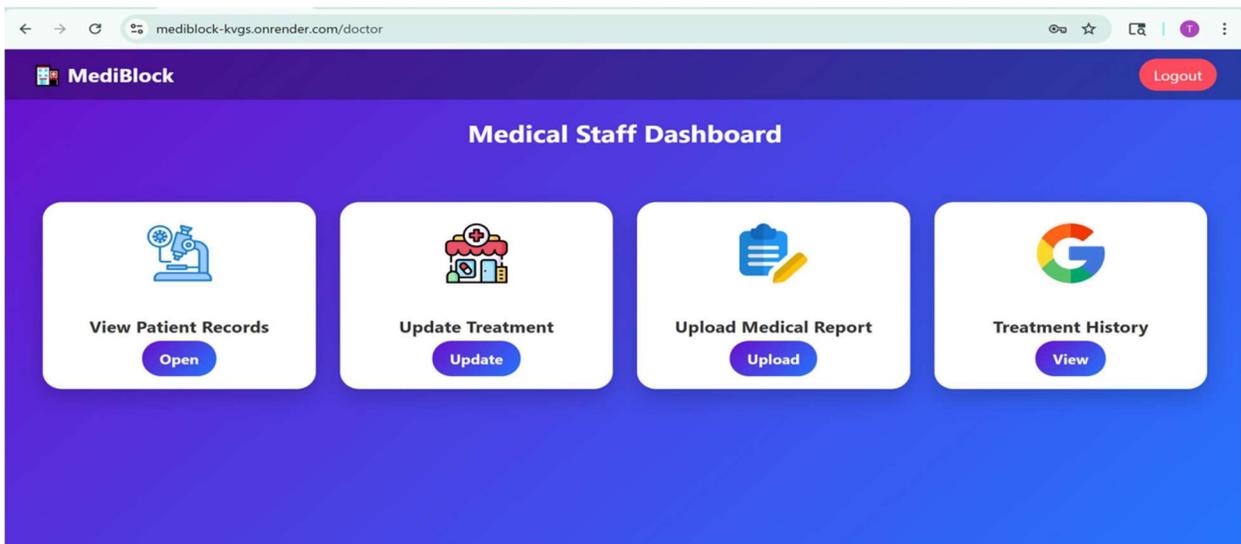
Female Phone: 9392754455

hyderabad Profession: Doctor

Register

Already registered? [Login](#)

Registration Page



mediblock-kvgs.onrender.com/doctor

**MediBlock** Logout

**Medical Staff Dashboard**

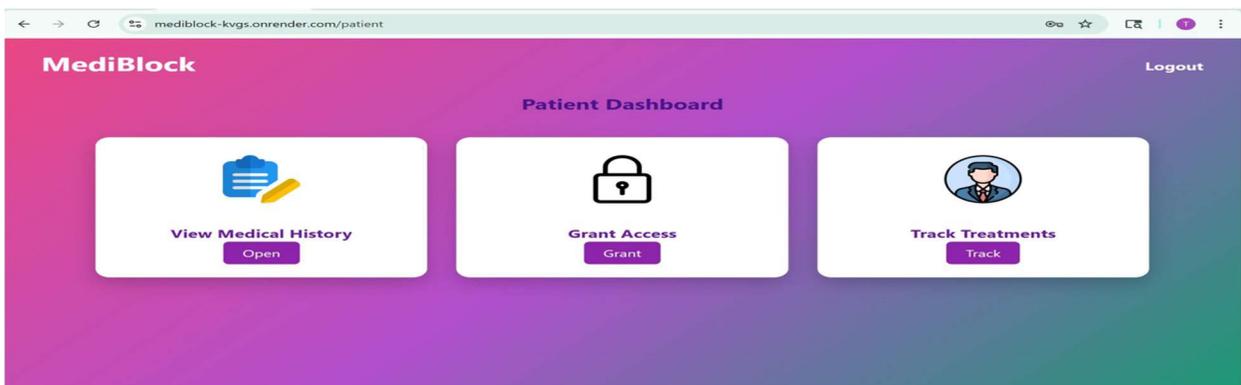
View Patient Records (Open)

Update Treatment (Update)

Upload Medical Report (Upload)

Treatment History (View)

Medical Staff Dashboard



mediblock-kvgs.onrender.com/patient

**MediBlock** Logout

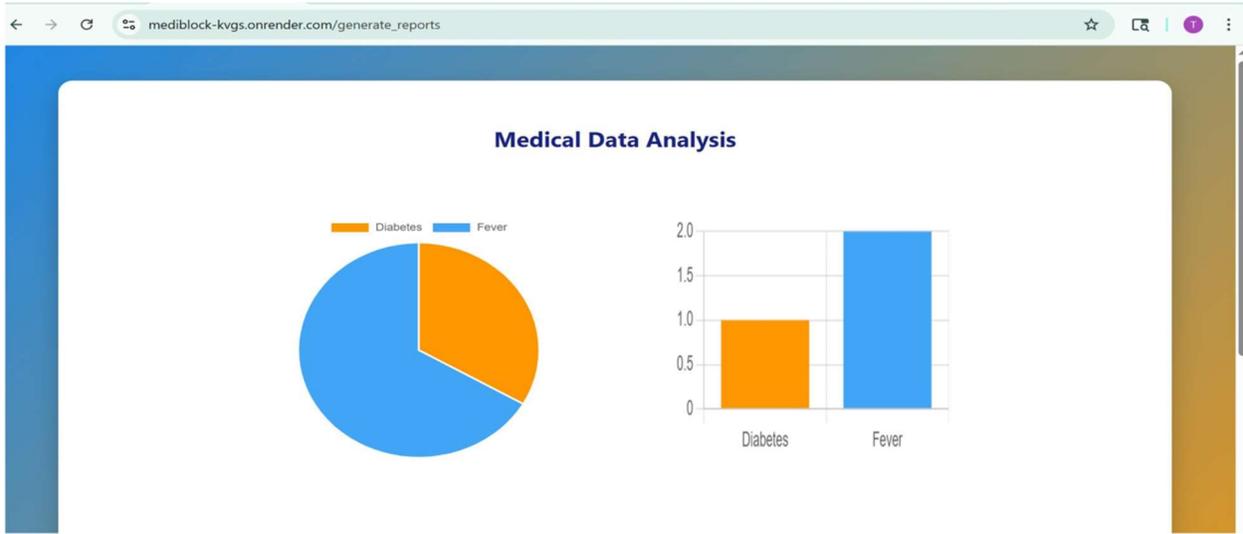
**Patient Dashboard**

View Medical History (Open)

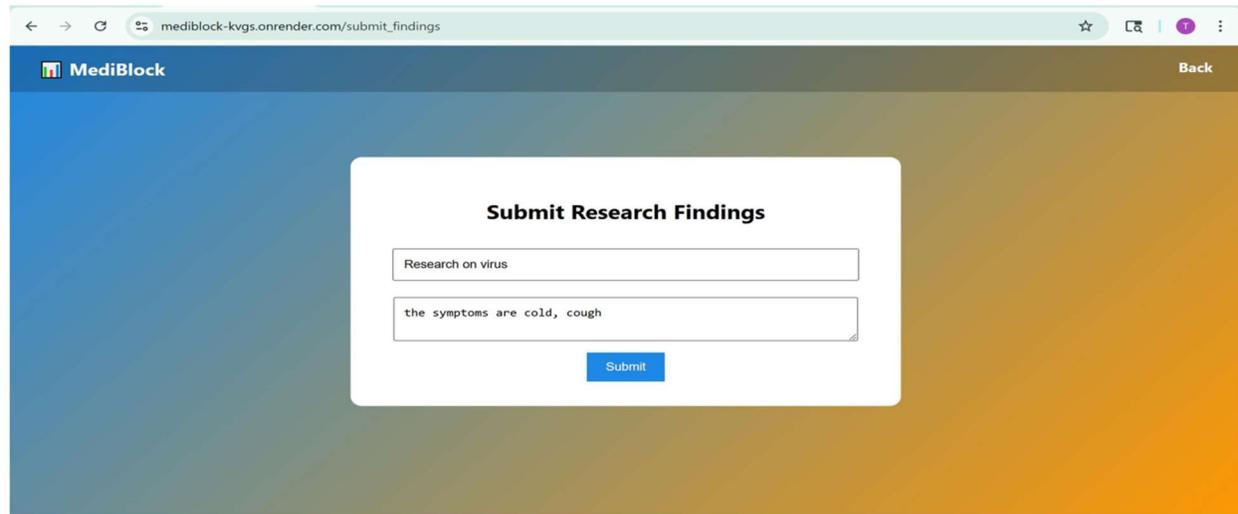
Grant Access (Grant)

Track Treatments (Track)

Patient\_Dashboard



**Generate\_Reports**



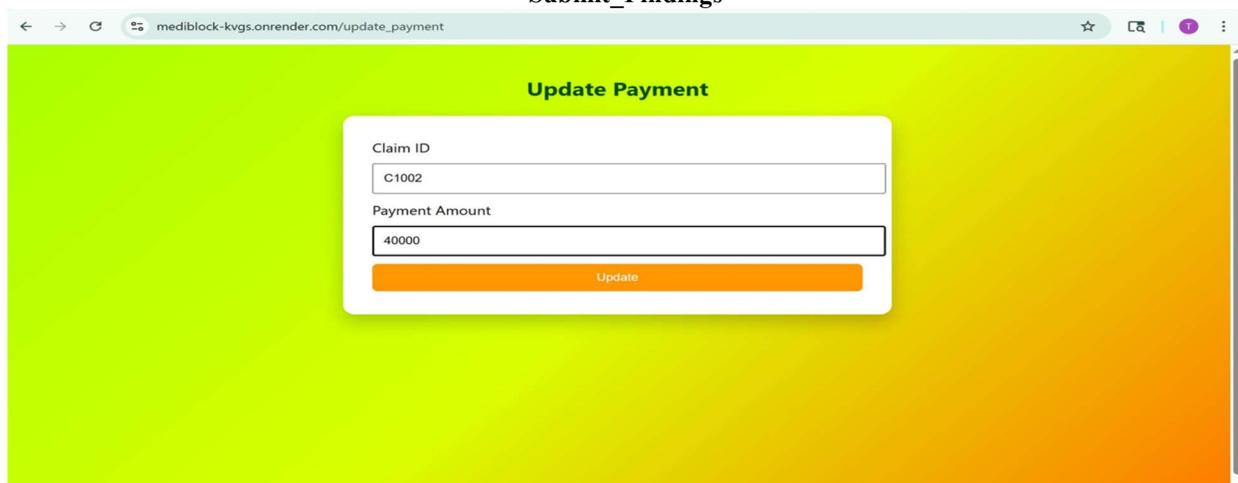
**Submit Research Findings**

Research on virus

the symptoms are cold, cough

Submit

**Submit\_Findings**



**Update Payment**

Claim ID

C1002

Payment Amount

40000

Update

**Update\_Payment**

This paper presented MediBlock, a decentralized framework designed to enhance healthcare data management through the integration of blockchain technology and cloud-based storage infrastructure. The proposed approach addresses critical limitations of conventional centralized systems by improving transparency, strengthening security mechanisms, and enabling controlled data sharing among healthcare stakeholders. By incorporating encrypted storage, permission-based access, and traceable transaction logging, the framework promotes data integrity and user trust while supporting scalable information handling.

Implementation observations demonstrate that the modular architecture facilitates collaboration between administrative authorities, medical professionals, patients, researchers, and insurance providers without compromising confidentiality. Although distributed verification introduces computational overhead and latency considerations, the system shows strong potential for secure and efficient healthcare record management. Future work may focus on performance optimization, interoperability enhancement, and integration with advanced analytical tools to further extend system capabilities within evolving digital healthcare environments.

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